

Animal Adaption Fact Card Writing Frames Answers

Name: Date:

Complete the facts about the different animals.

Whale

Whales are perfectly adapted to live in the ocean.

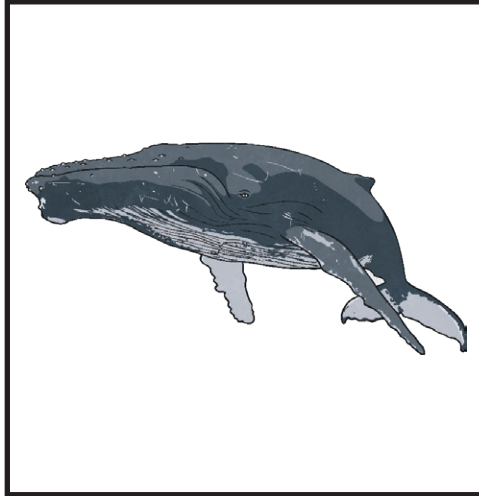
Whales have blowholes

_____ on the top of their heads so they can

breathe air from the surface without lifting their head.

They have a thick layer of blubber beneath the skin to keep them warm in cold temperatures and keep them

buoyant in the water



Sloth

Sloths are perfectly adapted to live in the trees of tropical rainforests.

Sloths move very slowly so that they can

conserve energy.

Green algae grows in their fur which helps to camouflage

them in trees. They have long claws to help them grip branches and fight off predators.

They live high up in trees away from predators.



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Meerkat

Meerkats are perfectly adapted to live in the desert.

Meerkats are light coloured so that they're camouflaged against the desert environment.

They have dark patches around their eyes to reduce the glare from the sun.

and help them to look out for dangers, such as predators.



Arctic Fox

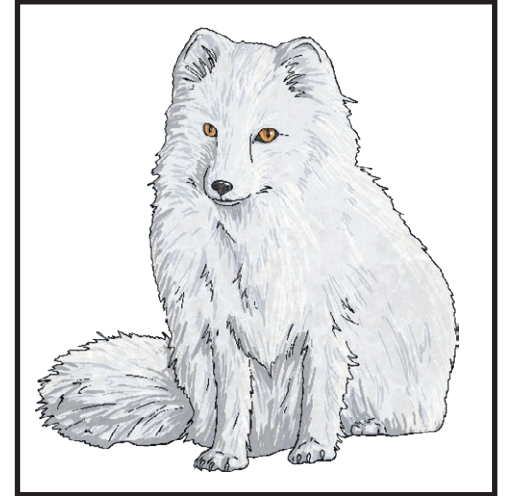
Arctic foxes are perfectly adapted to live in the Arctic tundra.

Arctic foxes have very thick fur to keep them warm in cold temperatures.

Their fur is white so that they are camouflaged against the snow.

Their footpads are thickly furred to keep their feet warm.

_____ and help them grip to slippery surfaces.



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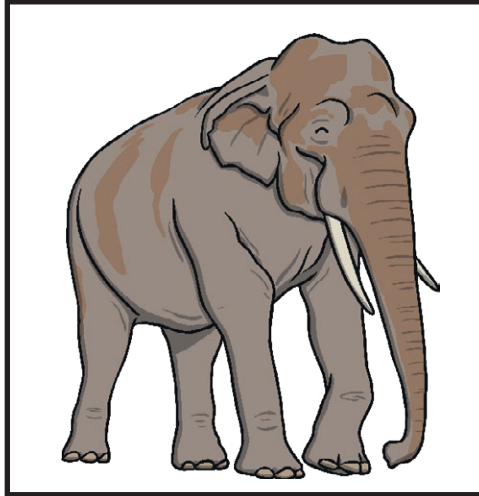
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Elephant

Elephants are perfectly adapted to live in the grasslands and savannah.

Elephants have large ears to flap to cool them down.



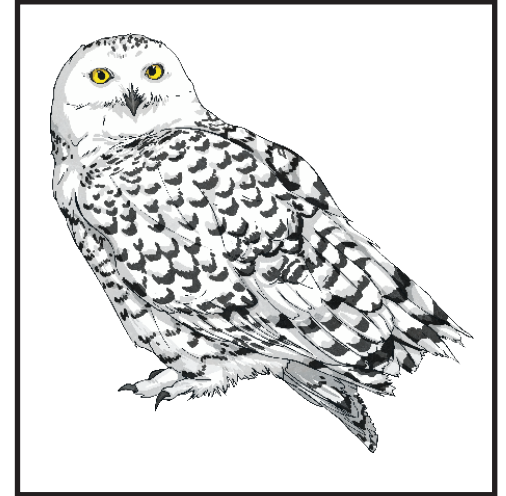
Elephants have cushioned feet to help them walk on uneven or swampy ground and keep their footsteps quiet.

Elephants use their trunks for reaching food high up on branches or low on the ground. They also help elephants communicate with each other.

Snowy Owl

Snowy owls are perfectly adapted to live in the Arctic tundra.

Snowy owls have very large eyes to see over long distances.



Snowy owls have asymmetric ears to help them pinpoint the location of prey.

Their silent feathers are good for muffling the sound of their movement when hunting prey.

Snowy owls use their talons to grip onto branches and grab onto prey.

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Arctic Hare

Arctic hares are perfectly adapted to live in the **Arctic tundra**.

Arctic hares have white fur in winter and brown fur in summer to **camouflage them against the landscape**.



Arctic hares have thick, long hair to **keep them warm in the cold weather**.

They have strong claws to **dig through snow and find buried food**.

Walrus

A walrus is perfectly adapted to live in the **Arctic waters**.

A walrus has a thick layer of blubber to **keep it warm in cold temperatures**.

A walrus has bumps on the underneath of its flippers to **help it grip the snow and ice when on land**.

Their tusks help to **move themselves out of water and for defence**.



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Porcupine

Porcupines are perfectly adapted to live in the

forests, deserts and rocky outcrops

They have sharp quills to

defend against predators



Porcupines have thick pads under their claws to **help**

them grip to surfaces